

Resident Review

A Resident Review (RR) is an abbreviated Level II assessment that looks at an individual's current mental and physical health issues, significant changes, and then makes a placement recommendation.

A Resident Review could be requested under several circumstances:

- 1. The individual had a Level II, with a time-limited approval.** If the person is still in the Nursing Facility (NF) at the end of the approval time, a RR will be requested to make a Level II Determination as to whether or not the individual can remain in the NF, or if he/she should return to the community.
- 2. The individual went into the NF with a Level I that did not indicate MI/MR/DD.** If MI/MR/DD is discovered after admission, along with a treatment history for mental illness, or functional limitations due to the MR/DD, a RR would be requested so that a Level II determination could be made.
- 3. The individual went into the NF with a Level I indicating MI or MR/DD but without a treatment history, supportive services, or functional limitations due to the condition.**
 - If at a later point while in the NF the person with MI receives treatment or has an increase in supportive services due to the MI, a RR would be requested.
 - If the person with MR/DD later had an increase in the functional limitations due to the MR/DD, a RR would be requested.

DO NOT make a RR referral if:

- A Categorical Determination has already been made that the individual does not need further evaluation due to dementia, terminal illness, certain medical conditions, etc.
- The individual in the nursing facility already has a Level II without a time limitation.

4. Definition of Significant Change:

- A change in cognitive abilities and/or social adaptive functioning as determined by a psychological assessment that documents either a significant gain or loss in cognitive abilities and/or social adaptive functioning.
 - A change in physical health which results in a major decline or improvement in the functional status of the resident which is unexplained by the use of medication, an acute illness, infection, or injury.
- A. **For people with mental illness** the following are specific circumstances or situations that are considered a "significant change in condition" or people with mental illness:
- A newly diagnosed or newly discovered diagnosis of Major Mental Illness for a resident without a PASRR Level II.
 - An increase in need for supportive services due to a Major Mental Illness that was not present at admission to the NF.
 - Inpatient treatment due to a Major Mental Illness that was not present at admission to the NF.

- Resident was approved for a time-limited stay and can't be discharged by the approved end date.

B. **For people with mental retardation/developmental disability (MR/DD)** the following are specific circumstances and situations that must be considered a “significant change in condition” for people with MR/DD:

- A newly diagnosed or newly discovered diagnosis of MR/DD for a resident without a PASRR Level II.
- Resident was approved for a time-limited stay and cannot be discharged by the approved end date.
- Resident was approved for NF placement for stabilization/rehabilitation of a medical condition which has resolved and nursing facility care is no longer needed.
- Resident has a change in cognitive abilities or functioning as determined by a psychological assessment that documents a significant gain or loss not due to a medical condition.

The following changes DO NOT indicate a PASRR status change or significant change of condition:

1. New diagnosis of Mental Illness that is not considered a SPMI.
2. “Dementia or Alzheimer’s with.....” diagnoses.
3. Signs and symptoms of a mental illness already identified in a PASRR assessment.

For further information please contact KDOA Level II staff at 1-800-432-3535 or for an electronic version of this information please access KDOA Provider website at: <http://www.aging.state.ks.us/>.